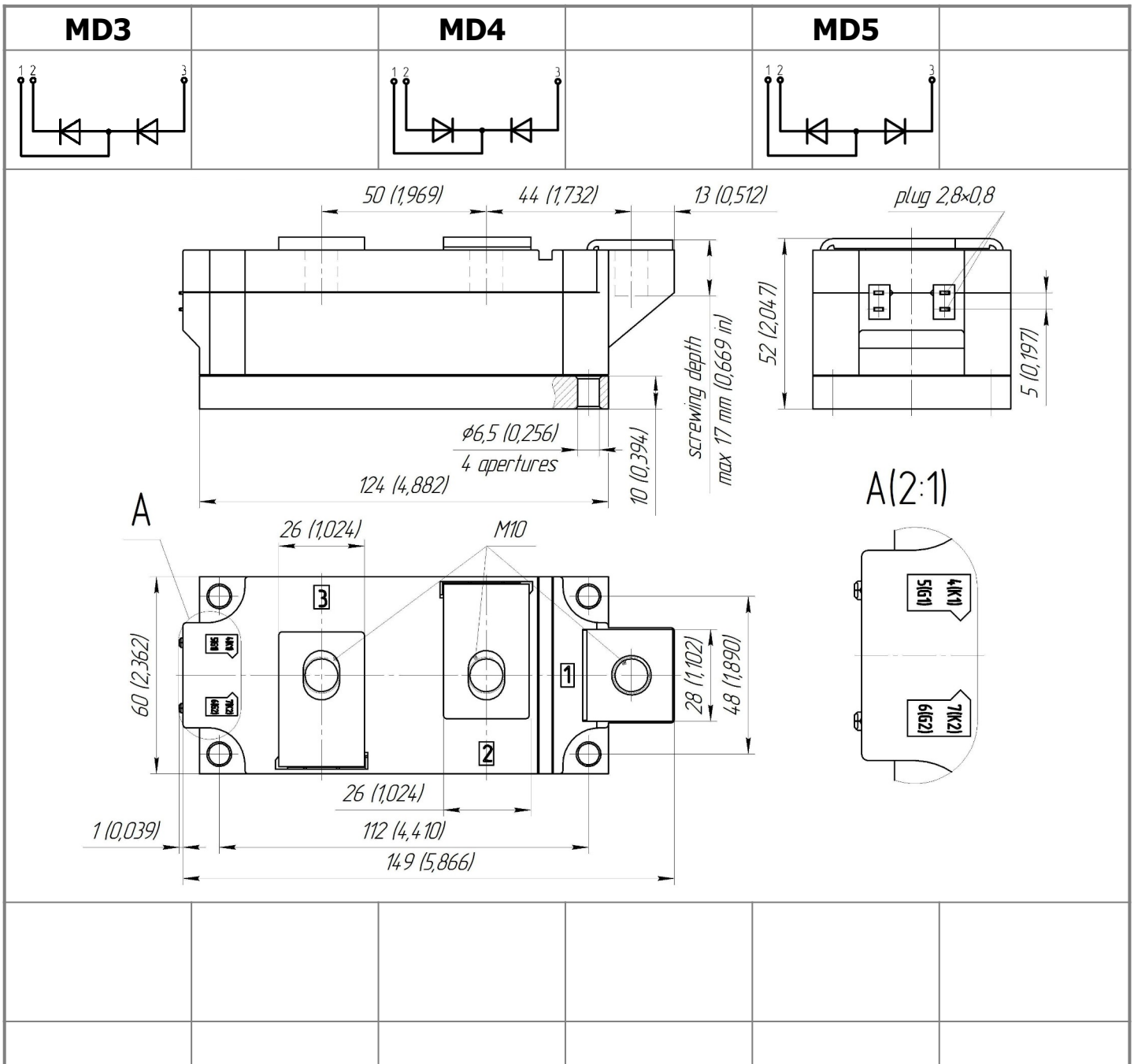




Electrically isolated base plate
 Industrial standard package
 Simplified mechanical design, rapid assembly
 Pressure contact

**Double Diode Module
 For Phase Control
 MDx-660-18-A2**

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------|------|-----------|---------------|------|------|------|
| Average forward current | | | | I_{FAV} | 660 A | | | |
| Repetitive peak reverse voltage | | | | V_{RRM} | 1000...1800 V | | | |
| V_{RRM}, V | 1000 | 1100 | 1200 | 1300 | 1400 | 1500 | 1600 | 1800 |
| Voltage code | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 18 |
| $T_j, ^\circ C$ | -40...+150 | | | | | | | |



All dimensions in millimeters (inches)

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

| Symbols and parameters | | Units | Values | Test conditions | |
|------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| ON-STATE | | | | | |
| I_{FAV} | Maximum allowable average forward current | A | 670 660 | $T_c=100\text{ }^\circ\text{C};$ $T_c=101\text{ }^\circ\text{C};$ 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz | |
| I_{FRMS} | RMS forward current | A | 1036 | $T_c=101\text{ }^\circ\text{C};$ 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz | |
| I_{FSM} | Surge forward current | kA | 21.0 24.0 | $T_j=T_{j\text{max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms};$ single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V};$ |
| | | | 22.0 25.0 | $T_j=T_{j\text{max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms};$ single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V};$ |
| I^2t | Safety factor | $A^2s\cdot 10^3$ | 2200 2800 | $T_j=T_{j\text{max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=10\text{ ms};$ single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V};$ |
| | | | 2000 2500 | $T_j=T_{j\text{max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 180° half-sine wave; $t_p=8.3\text{ ms};$ single pulse; $V_R=0\text{ V};$ |
| BLOCKING | | | | | |
| V_{RRM} | Repetitive peak reverse voltages | V | 1000...1800 | $T_{j\text{min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{max}};$ 180° half-sine wave; 50 Hz; | |
| V_{RSM} | Non-repetitive peak reverse voltages | V | 1100...1900 | $T_{j\text{min}} < T_j < T_{j\text{max}};$ 180° half-sine wave; single pulse; | |
| V_R | Reverse continuous voltages | V | $0.6\cdot V_{RRM}$ | $T_j=T_{j\text{max}};$ | |
| THERMAL | | | | | |
| T_{stg} | Storage temperature | $^\circ\text{C}$ | -40...+50 | | |
| T_j | Operating junction temperature | $^\circ\text{C}$ | -40...+150 | | |
| $T_{c\text{op}}$ | Operating temperature | $^\circ\text{C}$ | -40...+125 | | |
| MECHANICAL | | | | | |
| a | Acceleration under vibration | m/s^2 | 50 | | |

CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbols and parameters | | Units | Values | Conditions | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|---|---------------|
| ON-STATE | | | | | |
| V_{FM} | Peak forward voltage, max | V | 1.40 | $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; I_{FM}=1978\text{ A}$ | |
| $V_{F(TO)}$ | Forward threshold voltage, max | V | 0.865 | $T_j=T_{j\text{max}};$ | |
| r_T | Forward slope resistance, max | $\text{m}\Omega$ | 0.299 | $0.5\pi I_{FAV} < I_T < 1.5\pi I_{FAV}$ | |
| BLOCKING | | | | | |
| I_{RRM} | Repetitive peak reverse current, max | mA | 50 3.00 | $T_j=T_{j\text{max}}$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | $V_R=V_{RRM}$ |
| SWITCHING | | | | | |
| Q_r | Recovered charge, max | μC | 1880 | $T_j=T_{j\text{max}}; I_{TM}=I_{FAV};$ | |
| t_{rr} | Reverse recovery time, max | μs | 25 | $di_R/dt=-10\text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$ | |
| I_{rr} | Reverse recovery current, max | A | 150 | $V_R=100\text{ V}$ | |
| THERMAL | | | | | |
| R_{thjc} | Thermal resistance, junction to case | | | | |
| | per module | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | 0.0275 | 180° half-sine wave, 50 Hz | |
| | per arm | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | 0.0550 | | |
| | per module | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | 0.0265 | DC | |
| per arm | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | 0.0530 | | | |
| R_{thch} | Thermal resistance, case to heatsink | | | | |
| | per module | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | 0.0100 | | |
| | per arm | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | 0.0200 | | |
| INSULATION | | | | | |
| V_{ISOL} | Insulation test voltage | kV | 3.00 | Sine wave, 50 Hz; | t=60 sec |
| | | | 3.60 | RMS | t=1 sec |

| MECHANICAL | | | | |
|-------------------|--|----|-------|-----------------|
| M ₁ | Mounting torque (M6) ¹⁾ | Nm | 6.00 | Tolerance ± 15% |
| M ₂ | Terminal connection torque (M10) ¹⁾ | Nm | 12.00 | Tolerance ± 15% |
| m | Weight, max | g | 1500 | |

| PART NUMBERING GUIDE | NOTES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|---|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| <table border="1"> <tr> <td>MD</td> <td>3</td> <td>-</td> <td>660</td> <td>-</td> <td>18</td> <td>-</td> <td>A2</td> <td>-</td> <td>N</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td></td> <td>6</td> </tr> </table> <p>1. MD - Rectifier Diode 2. Circuit Schematic: 3 – serial connection 4 – common Cathode 5 – common Anode 3. Average Forward Current, A 4. Voltage Code 5. Package Type (M.A2) 6. Ambient Conditions: N – Normal</p> | MD | 3 | - | 660 | - | 18 | - | A2 | - | N | 1 | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | <p>¹⁾ The screws must be lubricated</p> |
| MD | 3 | - | 660 | - | 18 | - | A2 | - | N | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | | 5 | | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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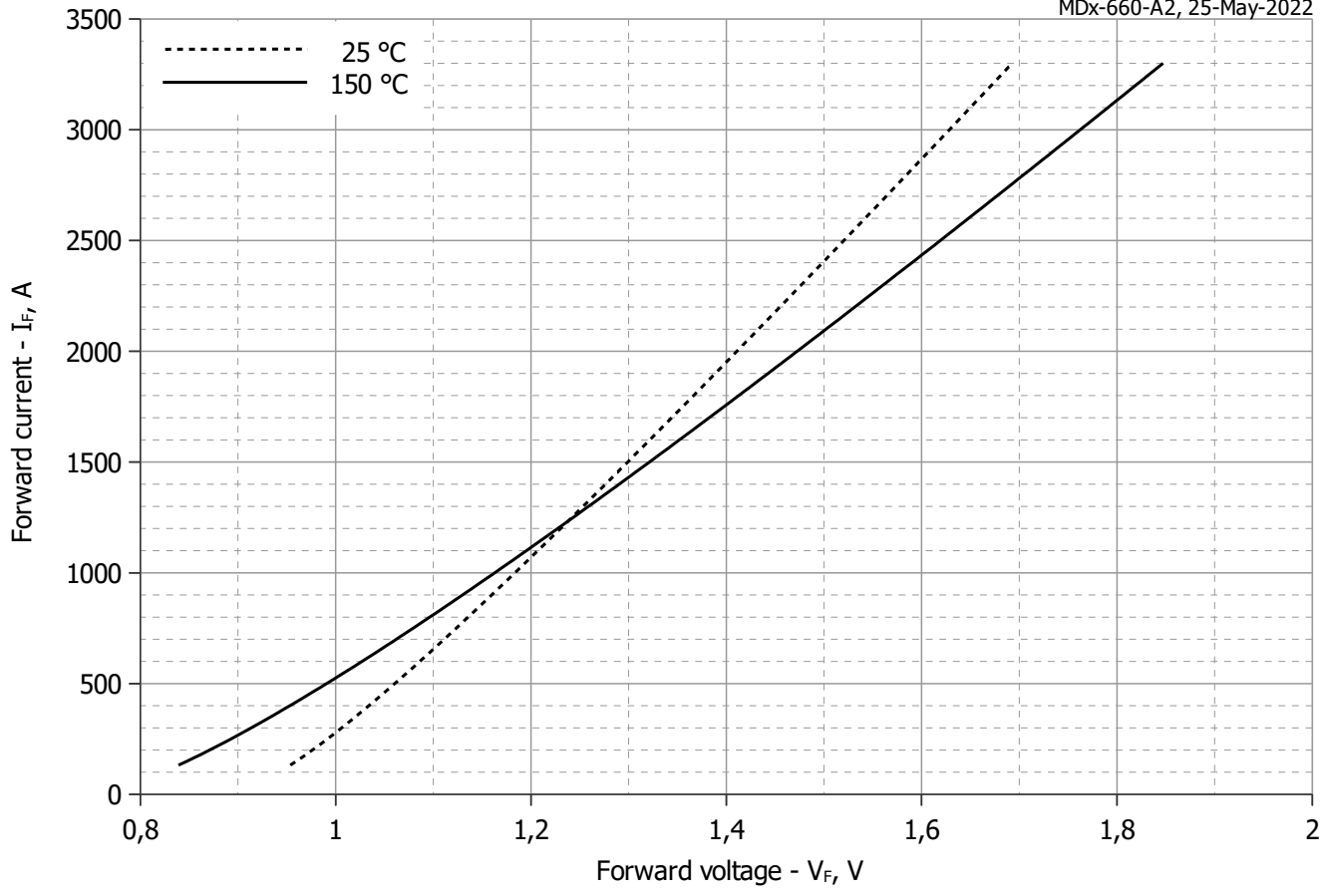


Fig 1 – Forward characteristics of Limit device

Analytical function for Forward characteristic:

$$V_F = A + B \cdot i_F + C \cdot \ln(i_F + 1) + D \cdot \sqrt{i_F}$$

| | Coefficients for max curves | |
|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| | $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | $T_j = T_{j\text{max}}$ |
| A | 0.86189820 | 0.74753880 |
| B | 0.00018968 | 0.00022292 |
| C | 0.00782675 | -0.00326577 |
| D | 0.00246146 | 0.00679627 |

Forward characteristic model (see Fig. 1).

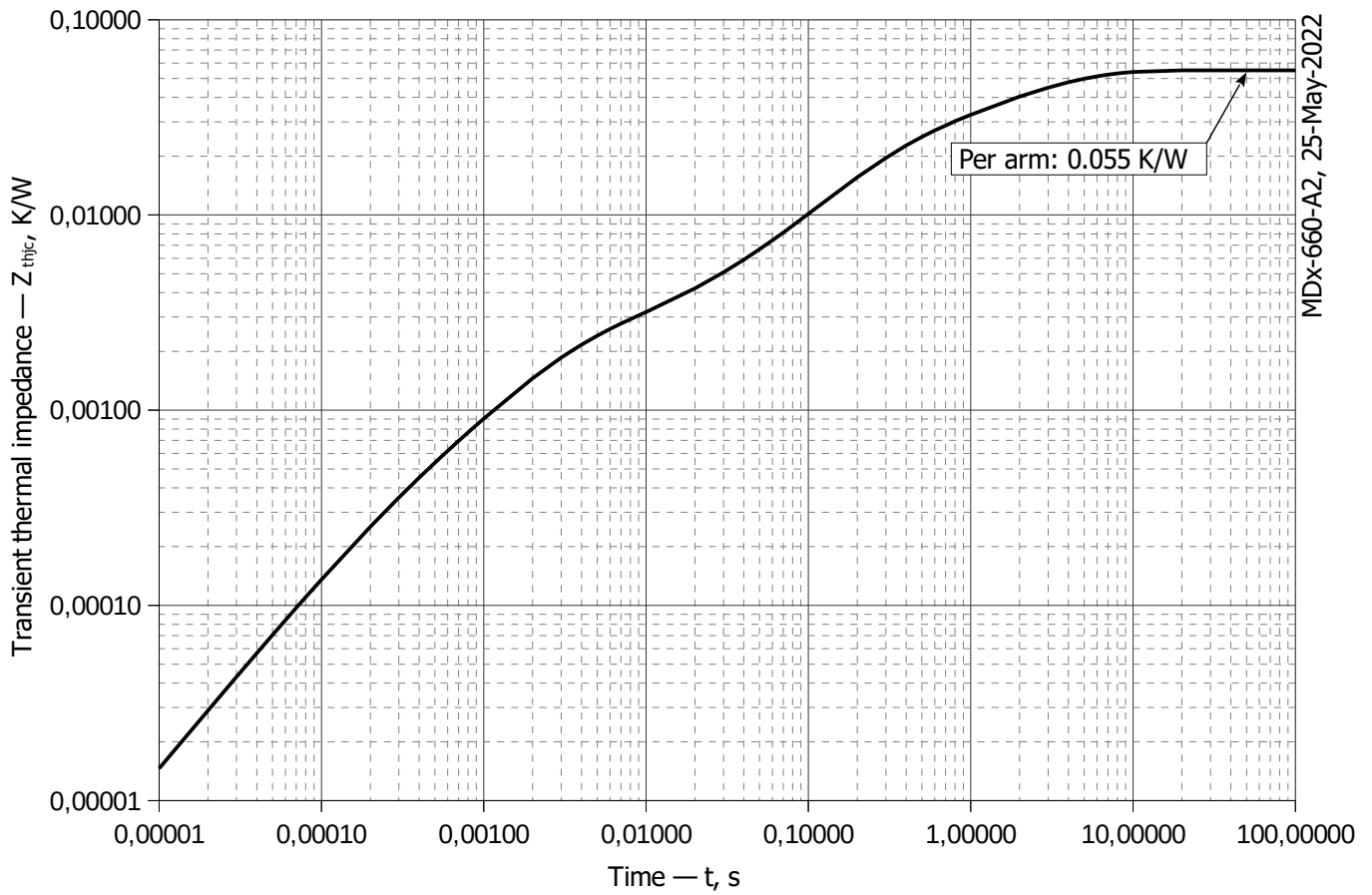


Fig 2 – Transient thermal impedance Z_{thjc} vs. time t

Analytical function for Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} for DC:

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_i}} \right)$$

Where $i = 1$ to n , n is the number of terms in the series.

t = Duration of heating pulse in seconds.

Z_{thjc} = Thermal resistance at time t .

R_i = Amplitude of p_{th} term.

τ_i = Time constant of r_{th} term.

| i | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|--------------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| R_i , K/W | 0.0249 | 0.0112 | 0.01635 | 0.0006528 | 0.00179 | 0.000136 |
| τ_i , s | 3.132 | 1 | 0.2335 | 0.01038 | 0.002348 | 0.0002448 |

Transient thermal impedance junction to case Z_{thjc} model (see Fig. 2)

$T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $I_{FM} = 660\text{ A}$

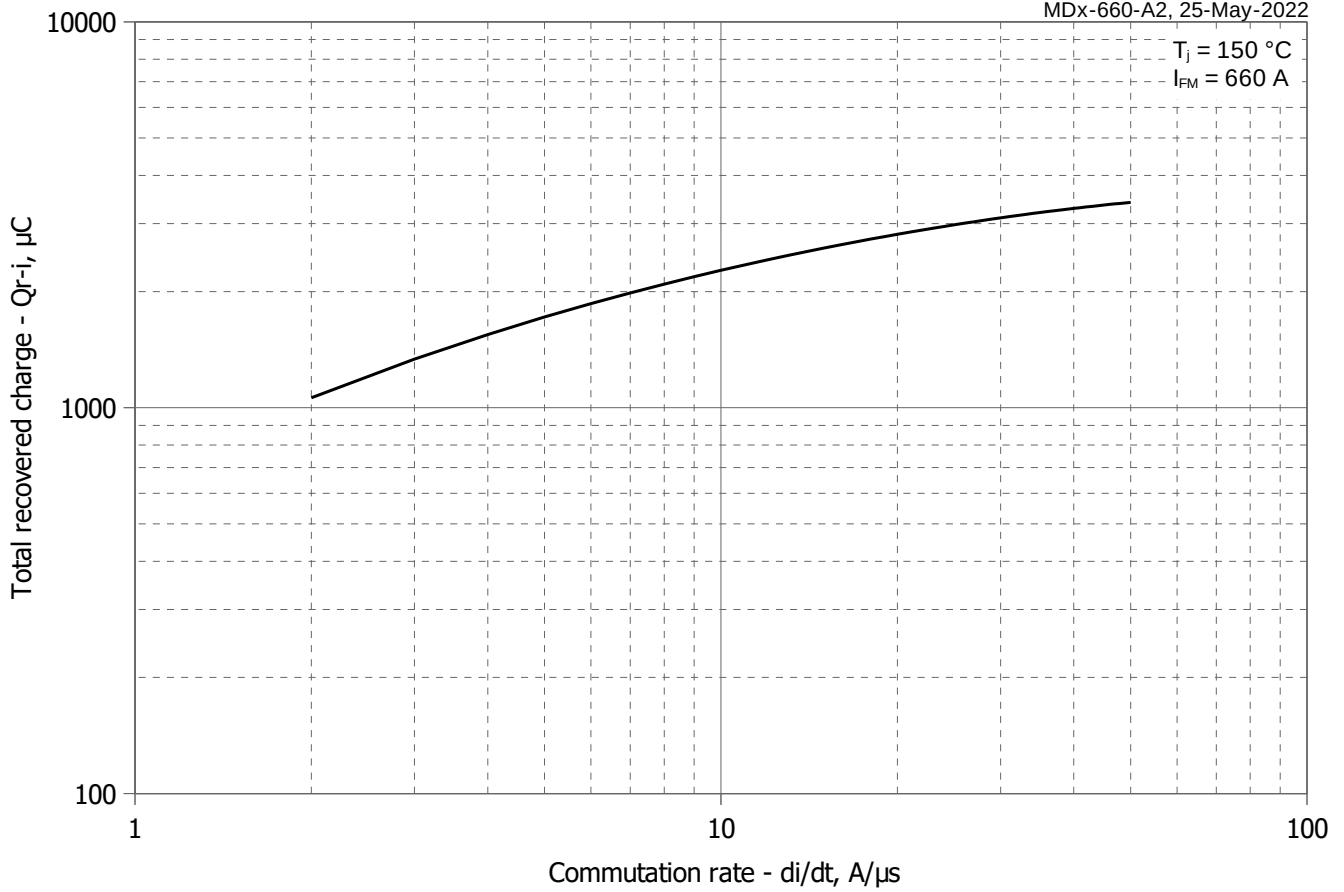


Fig 3 - Maximum recovered charge Q_{r-i} (integral) vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

$T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $I_{FM} = 660\text{ A}$

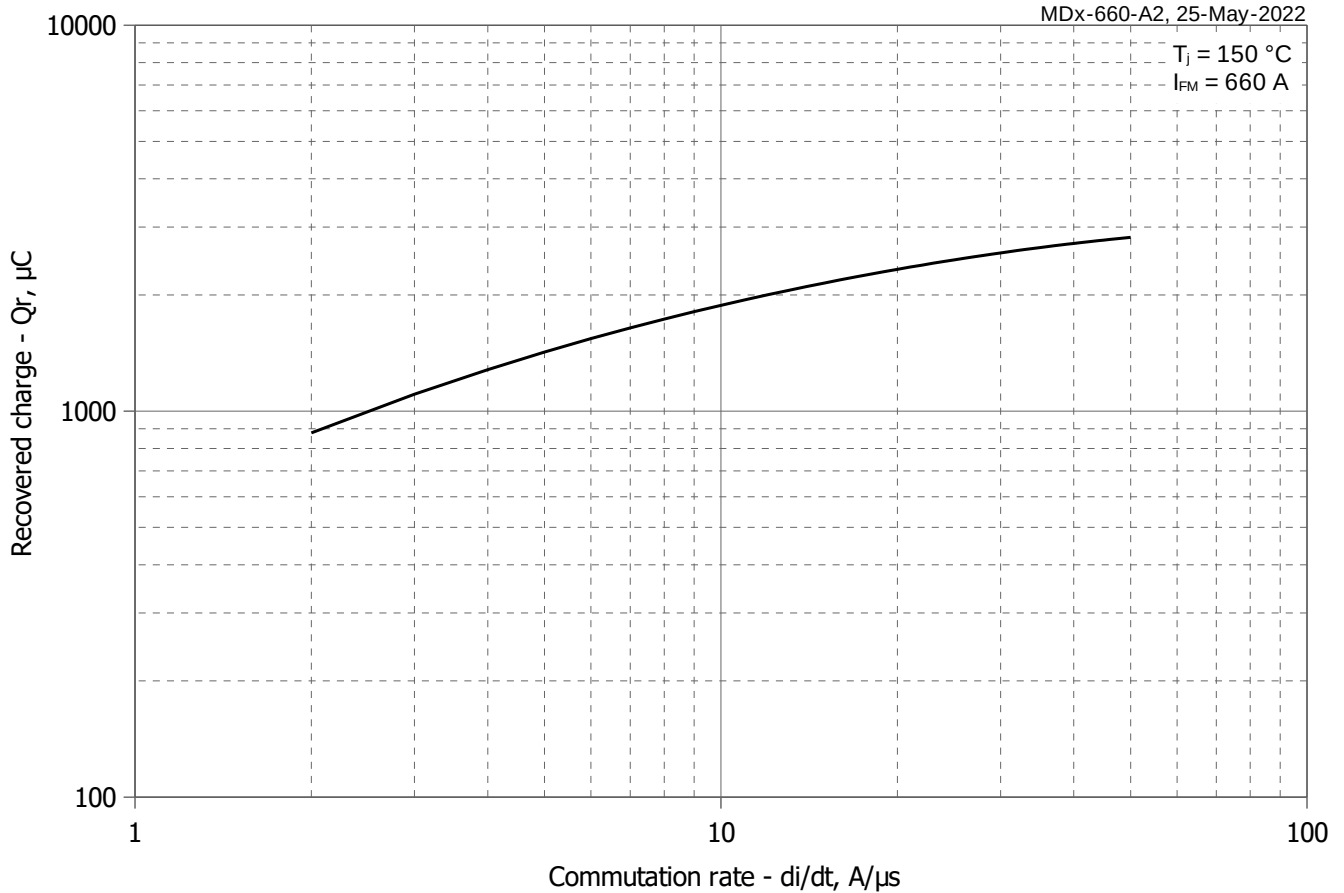


Fig 4 - Maximum recovered charge Q_r vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)

$T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $I_{FM} = 660\text{ A}$

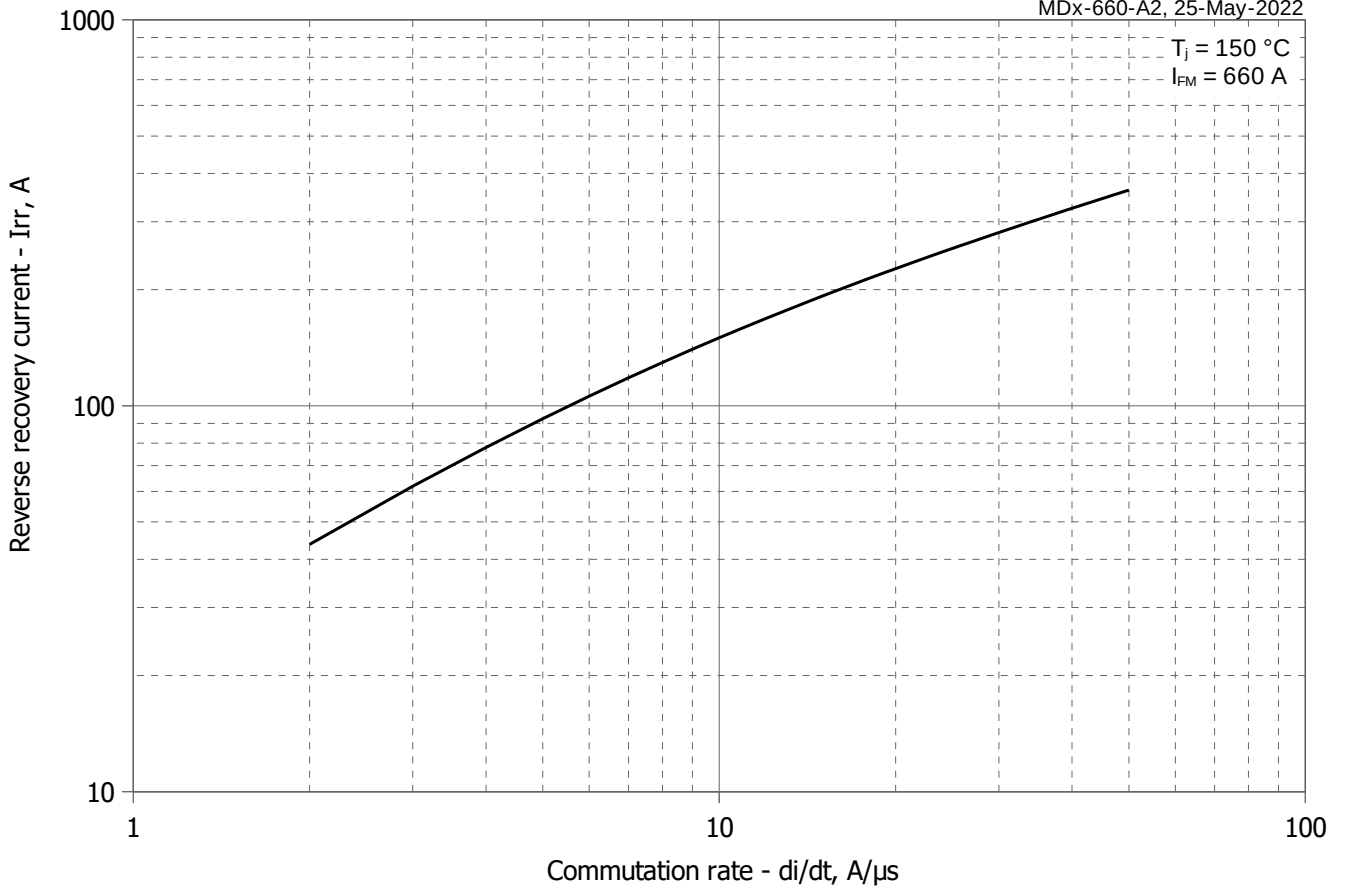


Fig 5 - Maximum reverse recovery current I_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt

$T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $I_{FM} = 660\text{ A}$

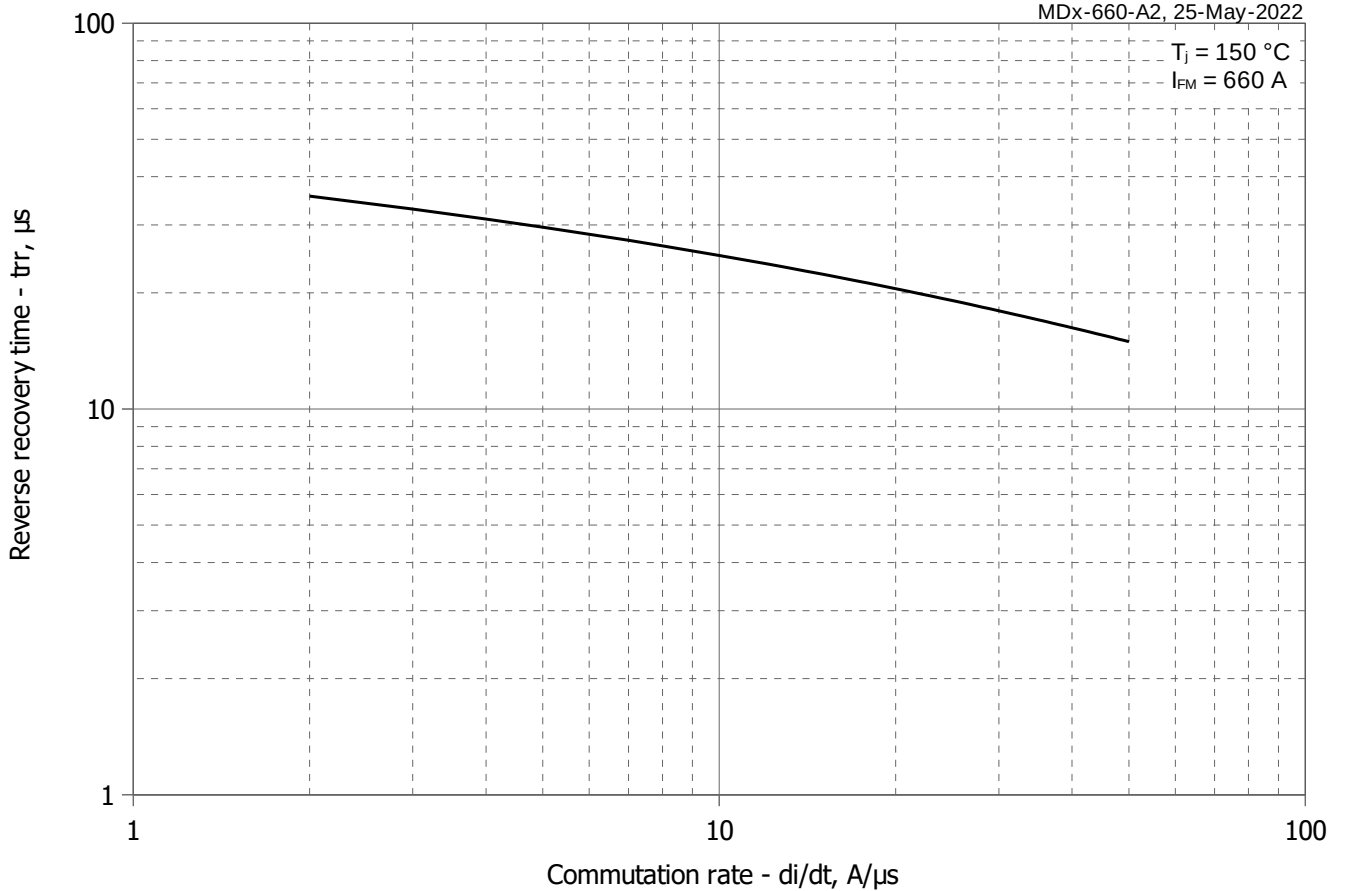


Fig 6 - Maximum recovery time t_{rr} vs. commutation rate di_R/dt (25% chord)

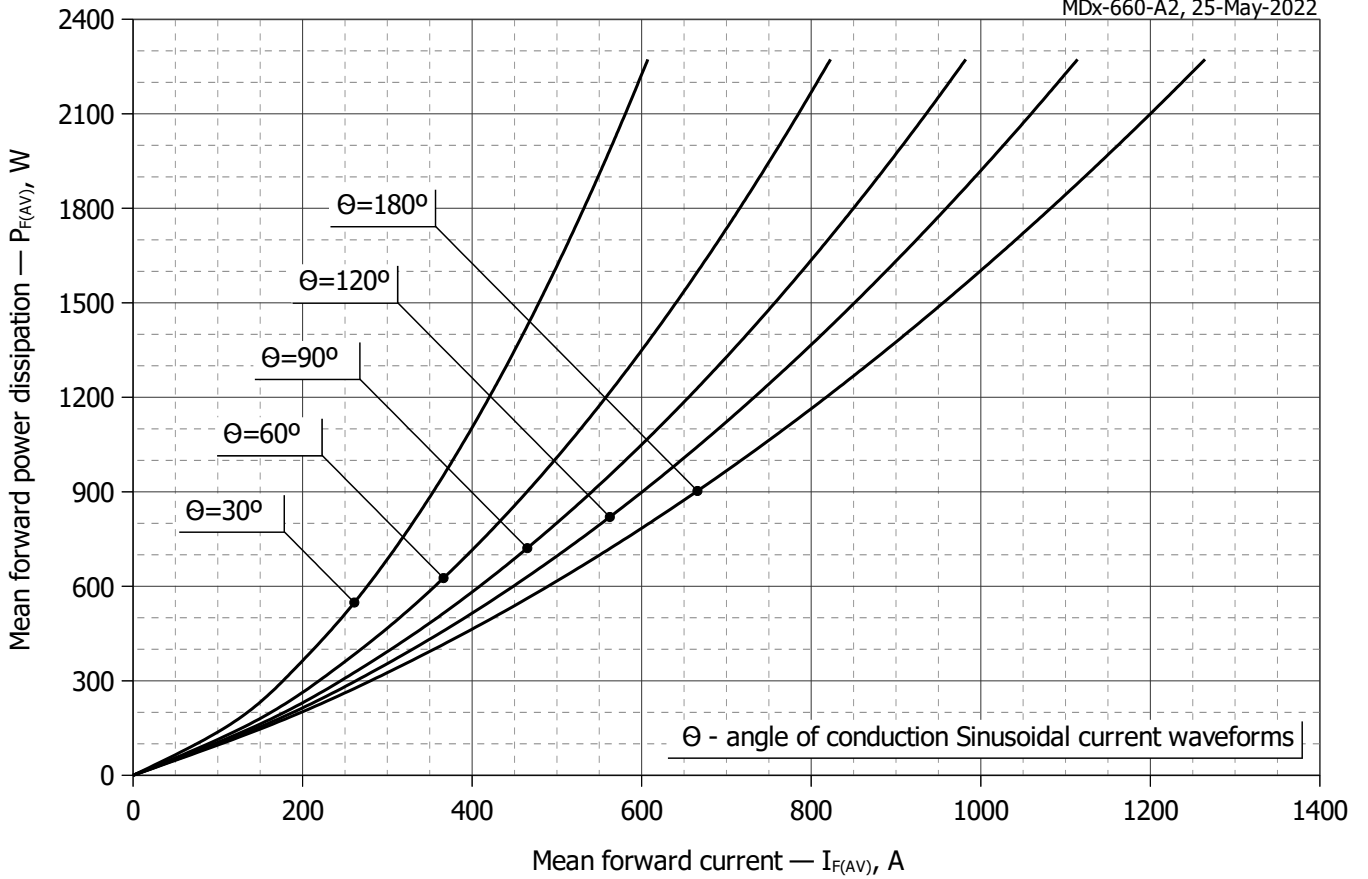


Fig. 7 - Mean forward power dissipation P_{FAV} vs. mean forward current I_{FAV} for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

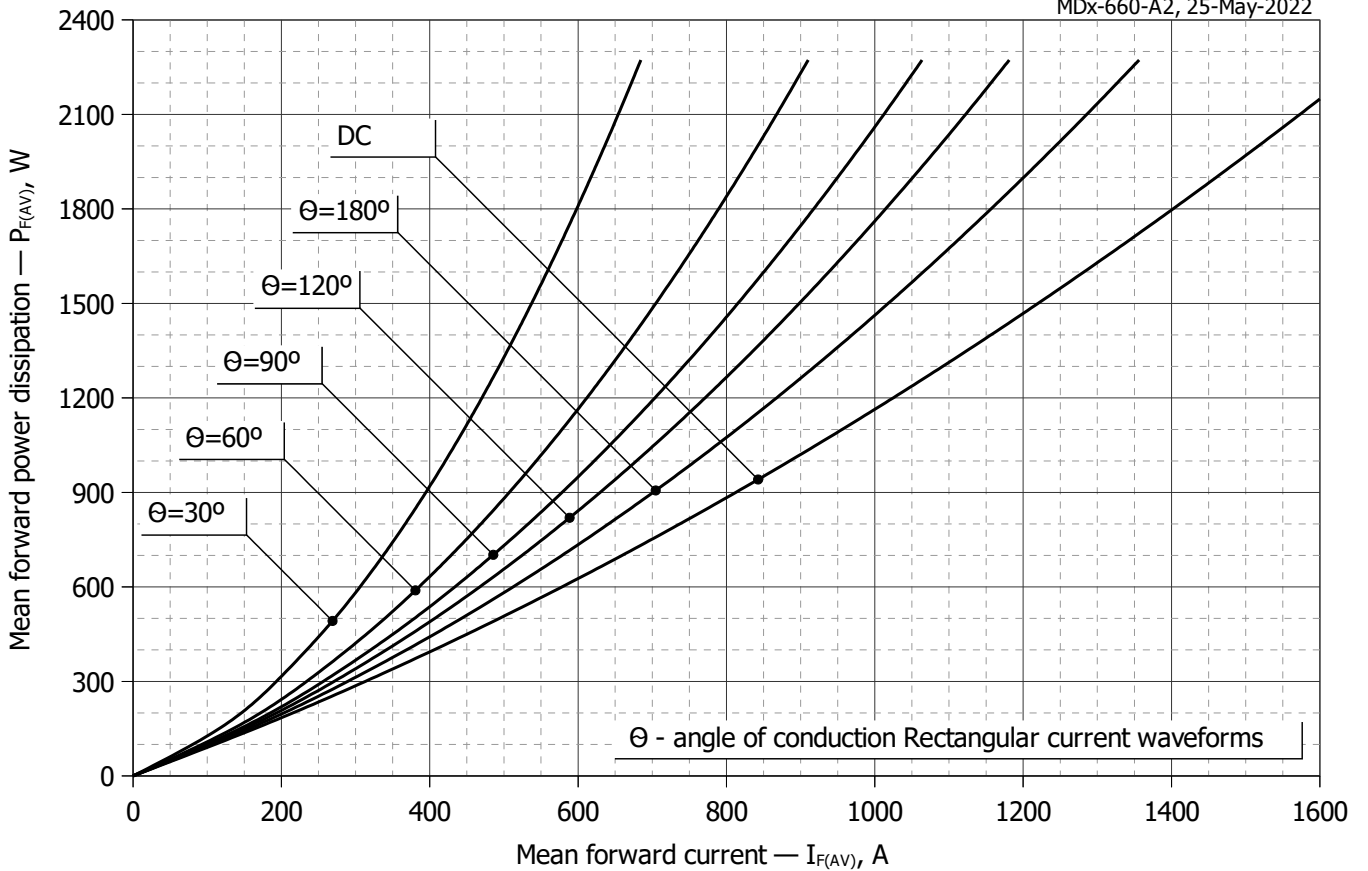


Fig. 8 - Mean forward power dissipation P_{FAV} vs. mean forward current I_{FAV} for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

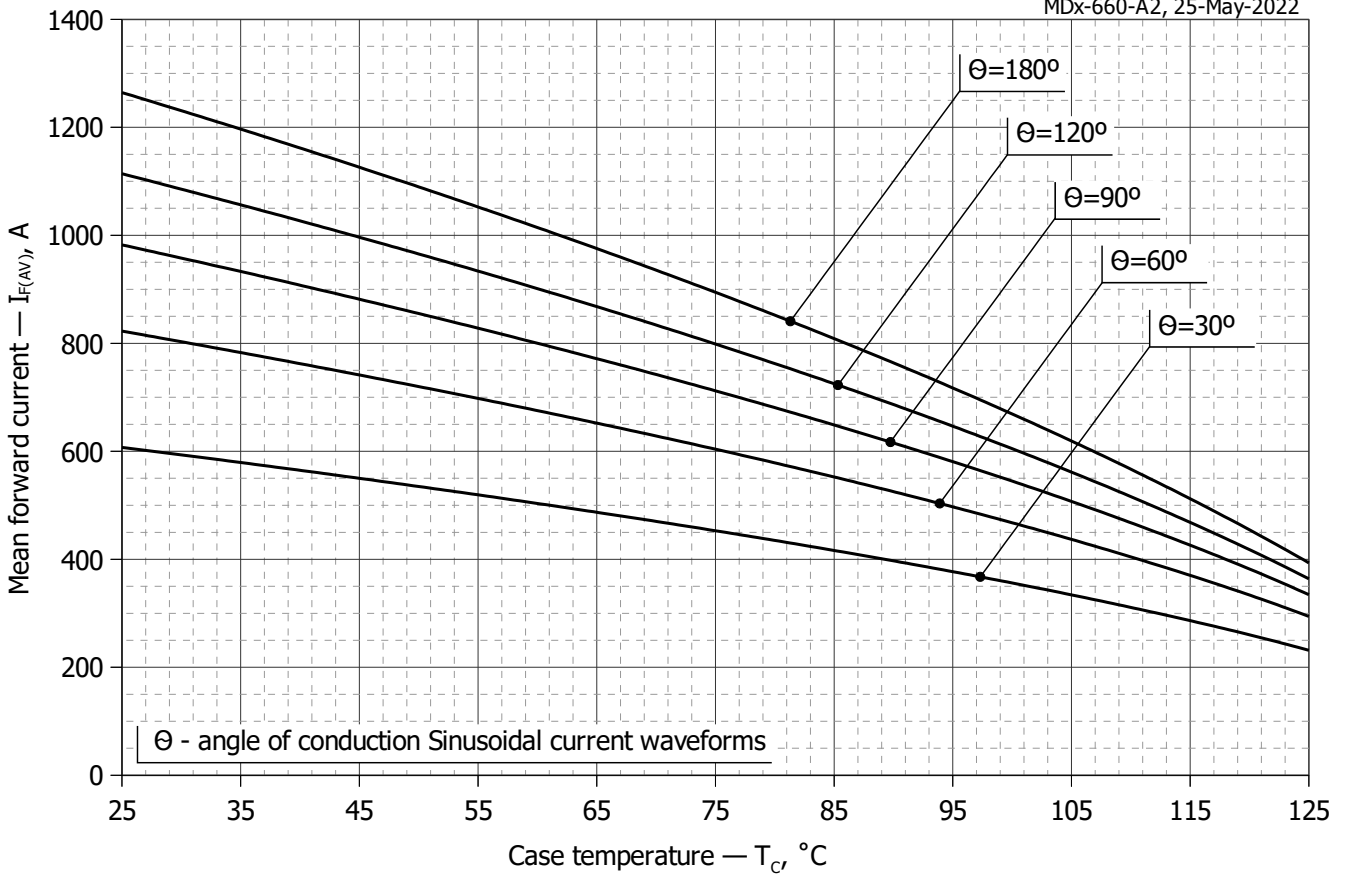


Fig. 9 – Mean forward current I_{FAV} vs. case temperature T_c for sinusoidal current waveforms at different conduction angles ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

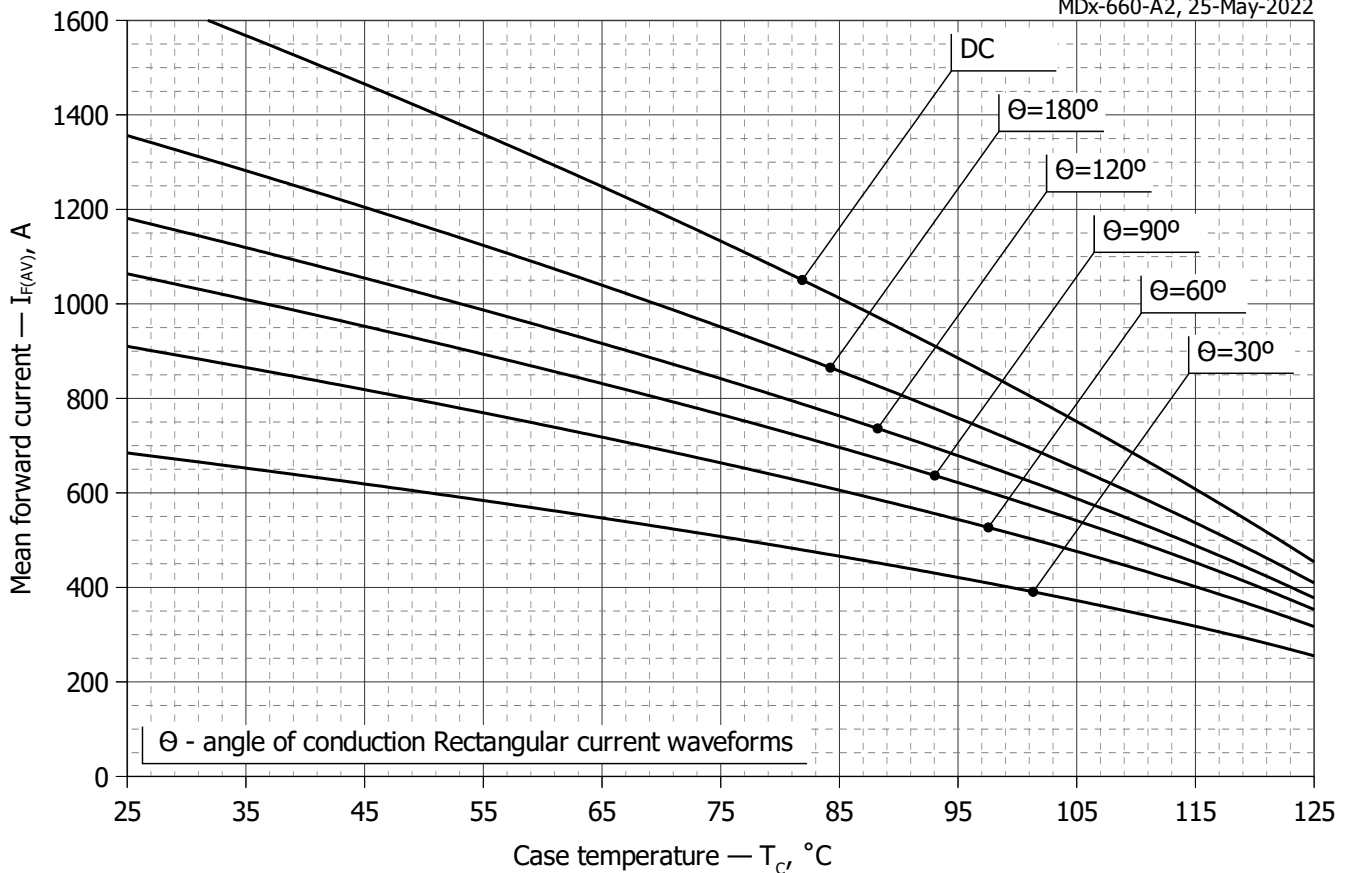


Fig. 10 - Mean forward current I_{FAV} vs. case temperature T_c for rectangular current waveforms at different conduction angles and for DC ($f=50\text{Hz}$)

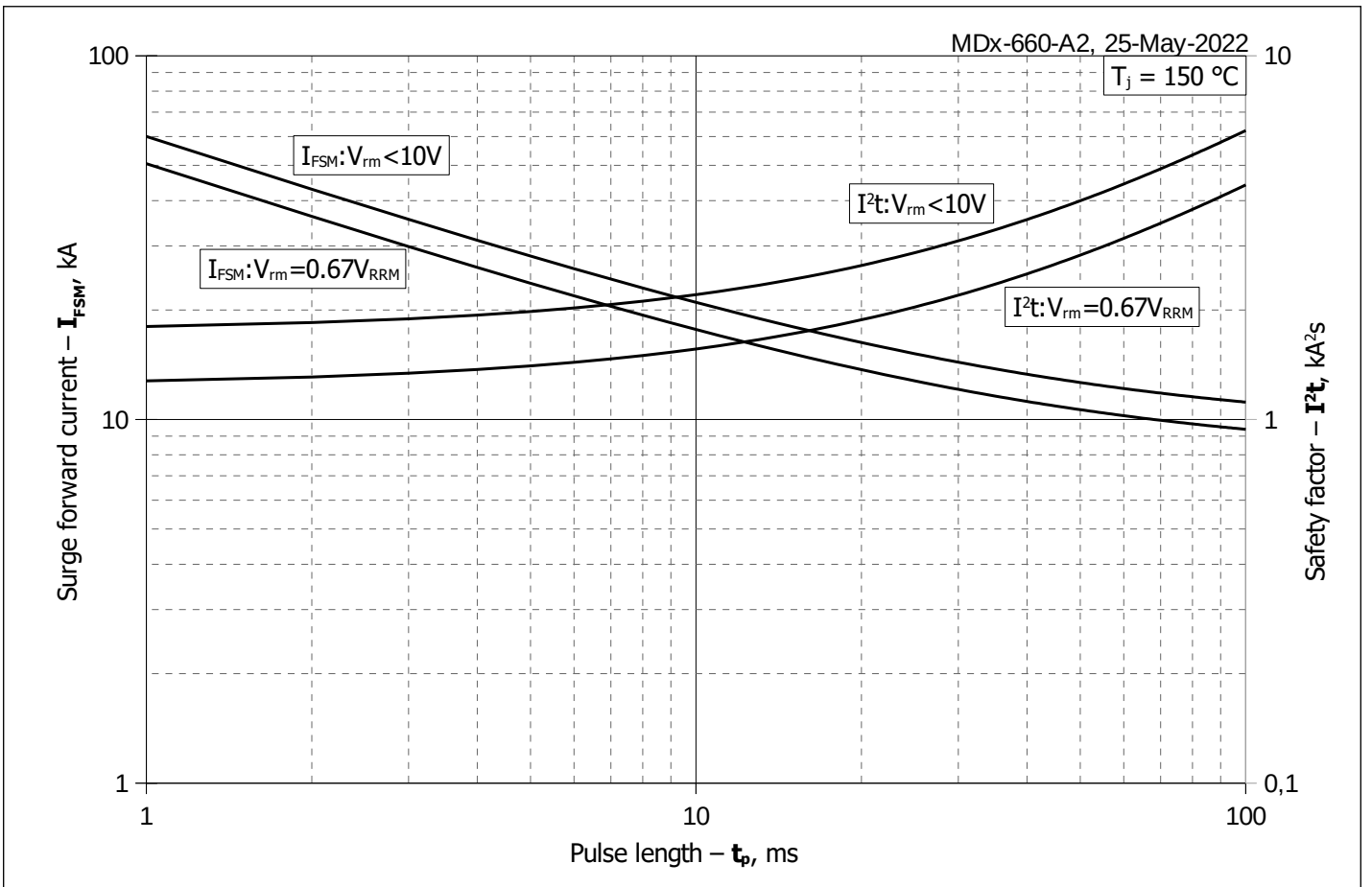


Fig. 11 – Maximum surge forward current I_{FSM} and safety factor I^2t vs. pulse length t_p

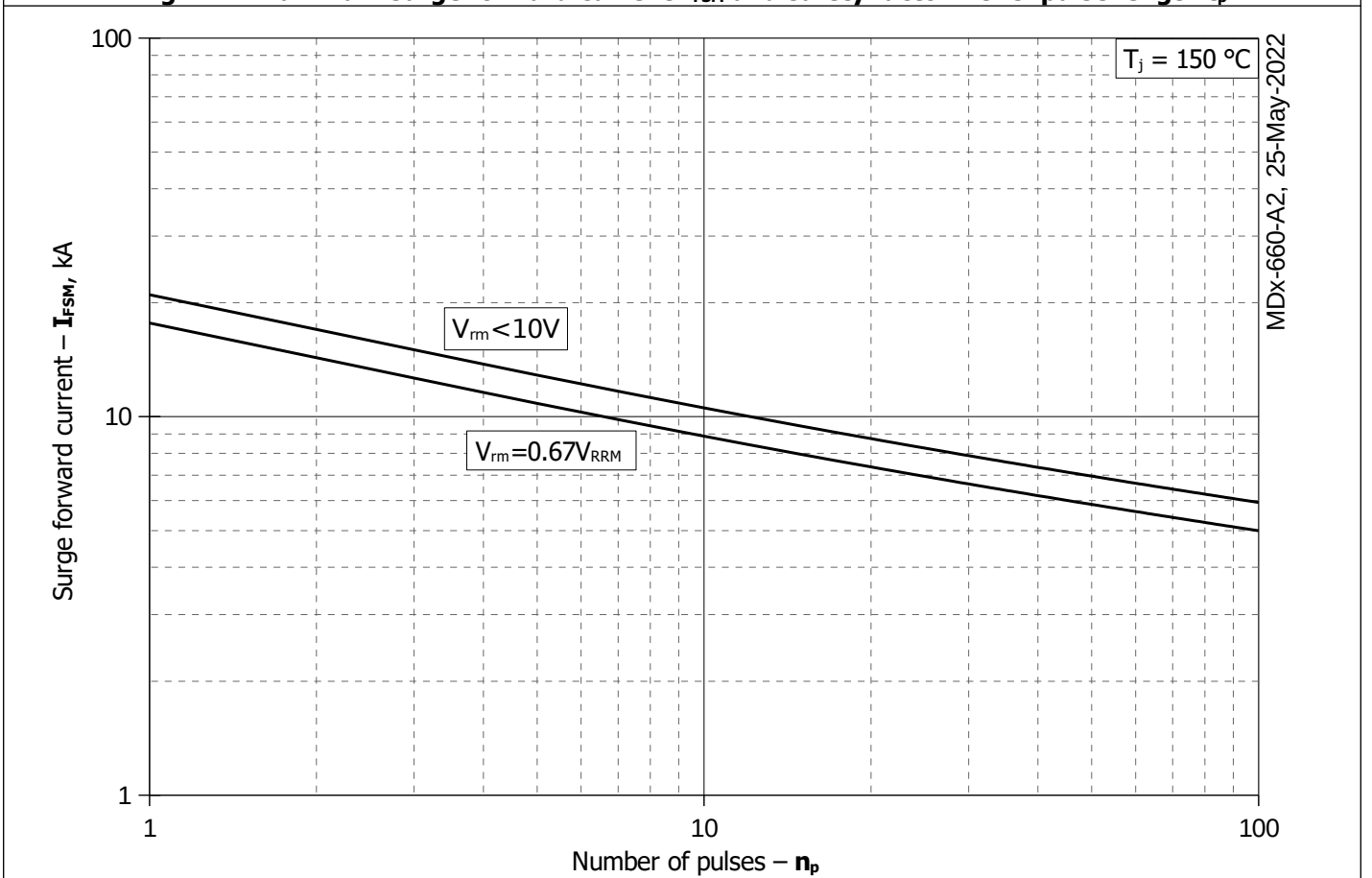


Fig. 12 – Maximum surge forward current I_{FSM} vs. number of pulses n_p